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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/903.832	07/12/2001	John Border	PD-201025	1395
7590 12/01/2004			EXAMINER	
Hughes Electronics Corporation			SWEARINGEN, JEFFREY R	
Patent Docket Administration Bldg. 1, Mail Stop A109 P.O. Box 956 Ei Segundo, CA 90245-0956			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2145	
			DATE MAILED: 12/01/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u> </u>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/903,832	BORDER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jeffrey R. Swearingen	2145				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 J 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the condi	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 12 July 2001 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)□ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	\bigcap accepted or b) \boxtimes objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See action is required if the drawing(s) is objection	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/8/03.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 09/903,832

Art Unit: 2145

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609 A(1) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not been considered. A proper information disclosure statement has been submitted, but any extant references listed in the specification but omitted from the information disclosure statement are improper and have not been considered unless cited by the examiner on form PTO-892.

Drawings

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: Figure 5, item 500; Figure 16, item 1629; Figure 18, item 20. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "22" has been used to designate both IP Host 20 (presumed by Examiner) and IP Host 22. Figures 17 and 18 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.121(d)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1-9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baras et al. ("Fast Asymmetric Internet Over Wireless Satellite-Terrestrial Networks", MILCOM 97 Proceedings, Nov. 3-5 1997, Annual Military Communications Conference) and Takagi et al. (EP 0 903 905 A).

Application/Control Number: 09/903,832 Page 3

Art Unit: 2145

4. Regarding claim 1, Baras discloses a spoofing module configured to selectively spoof a plurality of connections associated with a plurality of hosts based upon corresponding spoofing criteria and to provide local acknowledgement of received messages over the connections [See Baras, page 375, The TCP Spoofer Kernel]; a connection module configured to multiplex the plurality of connections over a common backbone connection [Baras uses a hybrid network with a satellite link. The satellite link is a common backbone connection. See Baras, Figure 1.]; and a path selection module configured to determine a path among a plurality of paths to transmit the received messages based upon path selection criteria [Baras selects which path to use by using TCP port numbers. See Baras, page 376.], wherein the spoofing module is configured to allocate a connection control block among a plurality of connection control blocks corresponding to a spoofed connection, each of the plurality of connection control blocks storing information related to the plurality of connections [See Baras, page 375, Data Structures.] Baras fails to disclose a prioritization module configured to prioritize access to the backbone connection based upon prioritization criteria.

- 5. However, Takagi discloses a prioritization module configured to prioritize access to the backbone connection based upon prioritization criteria [See Takagi, column 28, lines 14-41].
- 6. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the networking art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Baras and Takagi for the purpose of improving the performance of TCP. [See Takagi, column 28, lines 31-33.] Baras gives motivation for the combination by stating that a goal of the TCP spoofer is TCP performance enhancement. [See Baras, page 375.] By this rationale **claim 1** is rejected.
- 7. Regarding **claim 2**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses a mapping table to store connection control block allocation information [Baras discloses a table with CCB information. See Baras, page 375, Data Structures.] By this rationale **claim 2** is rejected.
- 8. Regarding claim 3, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses a hash function logic configured to output pointers corresponding to the plurality of connection control blocks
 [Baras discloses a Hash Table for connection control blocks. See Baras, page 375, Data Structures.] By this rationale claim 3 is rejected.

Page 4

Art Unit: 2145

9. Regarding **claim 4**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses the quantity of connection control blocks is configurable [Baras discloses allocating a new CCB upon detection of a new connection. The CCB is released when the connection is terminated, aborted, or has been idle. See Baras, page 375, Data Structures. See Baras, page 375, Idle Connection.] By this rationale **claim 4** is rejected.

- 10. Regarding **claim 5**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses *the backbone connection is a satellite link* [See Baras, pgae 372, Introduction. See Baras, page 372, Asymmetric Internet Over Satellite. See Baras, page 373, System Description. See Baras, page 373, Figure 1.] By this rationale **claim 5** is rejected.
- 11. Regarding **claim 6**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses the plurality of connections are established according to the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) [Baras discloses a TCP/IP network with TCP connections. See Baras, page 374, Solutions, Effects Due to High Round-Trip Time.] By this rationale **claim 6** is rejected.
- 12. Regarding **claim 7**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Takagi further discloses the spoofing criteria includes at least one of Destination IP address; Source IP address; TCP port numbers; TCP options; and IP differentiated services field [Takagi discloses using the header information of the IP datagram to pass datagrams through virtual channels (TCP spoofing). The IP datagram information used includes source IP address, source port number, destination IP address, destination port number. See Takagi, column 14, lines 25-33. See Takagi, column 16, lines 47-58. See Takagi, column 17, lines 5-17.]

 By this rationale **claim 7** is rejected.
- 13. Regarding **claim 8**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Takagi further discloses the prioritization criteria includes at least one of Destination IP address; Source IP address; IP next protocol, TCP port numbers; UDP port numbers; and IP differentiated services field [Takagi discusses using the IP datagram to select the priority level. The IP datagram includes the destination IP address and the source IP address. See Takagi, column 17, lines 5-17. See Takagi, column 28, line 34 column 29, line 3.] By this rationale **claim 8** is rejected.

Application/Control Number: 09/903,832

Art Unit: 2145

- 14. Regarding **claim 9**, Baras and Takagi are applied as in claim 1. Baras further discloses the prioritization module sets priority of one of the received messages, the one message being an IP packet, wherein the path selection criteria includes at least one of the priority of the IP packet, Destination IP address, Source IP address, IP next protocol, TCP port numbers, UDP port numbers, and IP differentiated services field. [Baras discloses selecting the path based upon TCP port numbers. See Baras, page 376, "In this hybrid scheme..."] By this rationale **claim 9** is rejected.
- 15. Regarding **claim 10**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 1. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 1 is also used to reject claim 10. By this rationale **claim 10** is rejected.
- 16. Regarding **claim 11**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 2. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 2 is also used to reject claim 11. By this rationale **claim 11** is rejected.
- 17. Regarding **claim 12**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 3. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 3 is also used to reject claim 12. By this rationale **claim 12** is rejected.
- 18. Regarding **claim 13**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 4. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 4 is also used to reject claim 13. By this rationale **claim 13** is rejected.
- 19. Regarding **claim 14**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 5. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 5 is also used to reject claim 14. By this rationale **claim 14** is rejected.
- 20. Regarding **claim 15**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 6. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 6 is also used to reject claim 15. By this rationale **claim 15** is rejected.
- 21. Regarding **claim 16**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 7. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 7 is also used to reject claim 16. By this rationale **claim 16** is rejected.

- 22. Regarding **claim 17**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 8. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 8 is also used to reject claim 17. By this rationale **claim 17** is rejected.
- 23. Regarding **claim 18**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 9. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 9 is also used to reject claim 18. By this rationale **claim 18** is rejected.
- 24. Regarding **claim 19**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 1. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 1 is also used to reject claim 19. By this rationale **claim 19** is rejected.
- 25. Regarding **claim 20**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 2. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 2 is also used to reject claim 20. By this rationale **claim 20** is rejected.
- 26. Regarding **claim 21**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 3. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 3 is also used to reject claim 21. By this rationale **claim 21** is rejected.
- 27. Regarding **claim 22**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 4. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 4 is also used to reject claim 22. By this rationale **claim 22** is rejected.
- 28. Regarding **claim 23**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 5. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 5 is also used to reject claim 23. By this rationale **claim 23** is rejected.
- 29. Regarding **claim 24**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 6. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 6 is also used to reject claim 24. By this rationale **claim 24** is rejected.
- 30. Regarding **claim 25**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 7. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 7 is also used to reject claim 25. By this rationale **claim 25** is rejected.

- Regarding **claim 26**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 8. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 8 is also used to reject claim 26. By this rationale **claim 26** is rejected.
- 32. Regarding **claim 27**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 9. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 9 is also used to reject claim 27. By this rationale **claim 27** is rejected.
- Regarding claim 28, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 1. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 1 is also used to reject claim 28. By this rationale claim 28 is rejected.
- Regarding **claim 29**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 2. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 2 is also used to reject claim 29. By this rationale **claim 29** is rejected.
- Regarding **claim 30**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 3. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 3 is also used to reject claim 30. By this rationale **claim 30** is rejected.
- Regarding **claim 31**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 4. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 4 is also used to reject claim 31. By this rationale **claim 31** is rejected.
- 37. Regarding **claim 32**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 5. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 5 is also used to reject claim 32. By this rationale **claim 32** is rejected.
- 38. Regarding **claim 33**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 6. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 6 is also used to reject claim 33. By this rationale **claim 33** is rejected.
- Regarding **claim 34**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 7. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 7 is also used to reject claim 34. By this rationale **claim 34** is rejected.

Art Unit: 2145

40. Regarding **claim 35**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 8. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 8 is also used to reject claim 35. By this rationale **claim 35** is rejected.

Regarding **claim 36**, the limitations of this claim are substantially the same as the limitations of claim 9. Therefore the rationale used to reject claim 9 is also used to reject claim 36. By this rationale **claim 36** is rejected.

Conclusion

42. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Andersson et al.

U.S. Patent No. 6,061,341

Jorgensen

U.S. Patent No. 6,640,248

Chapman et al.

U.S. Patent No. 6,023,456

Dillon

U.S. Patent No. 6,701,370

Srinivas

U.S. Patent No. 6,823,387

Packer

U.S. Patent No. 6,298,041

Schroeder et al.

U.S. Patent No. 6,327,626

Packer

U.S. Patent No. 6,038,216

Spatscheck, O. et al. "Optimizing TCP Forwarder Performance." IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking, Vol. 8 No. 2, April 2000. pp. 146-157

Ishac, J. et al. "On the performance of TCP spoofing in satellite networks". Military Communications Conference, 2001. MILCOM 2001. Communications for Network-Centric Operations: Creating the Information Force. IEEE, Volume: 1, 28-31 Oct. 2001 Pages:700 - 704 vol.1

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey R. Swearingen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3921. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

Application/Control Number: 09/903,832

Art Unit: 2145

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Harvey can be reached on (571) 272-3896. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey R. Swearingen Examiner Art Unit 2145

JRS

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER